On the dimensions of projective indecomposable modules for simple groups of Lie type

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Abstract

Let G be a finite group, p a prime dividing the order of G, and S a Sylow p-subgroup of G. Let F be and algebraically closed field of characteristic p.

A projective indecomposable module is defined to be an indecomposable FG-module whose restriction to S is a free FS-module. Projective indecomposable modules were introduced in 1940 by Brauer and Nesbitt. They play a significant role in modular representation theory of finite groups. Nonetheless very little is known about their dimensions. An obvious fact is that these are divisible by |S|, the order of S. When the dimension is equal to |S|? Surprizingly, this simple question has no simple answer, apart for p-solvable groups.

Brauer and Nesbitt established a natural bijection between projective indecomposable modules and irreducible FG-modules. The projective indecomposable module that corresponds to the trivial FG-module 1_G is called principal. In 2008 Malle and Weigel determined all principal projective indecomposable modules of degree |S| for all simple group G and all prime divisors of |G|.

The followsing result contributes to the study of projective indecomposable modules of degree |S|:

Theorem. Let G be a simple group of Lie type in defining characteristic p, and S a Sylow p-subgroup of G. Let Φ be a projective indecomposable module of dimension |S|. Then either Φ is irreducible and hence the Steinberg module, or principal, and hence belongs to the list produced by Malle and Weigel.

AMS Classification: 20C33, 20C20, 20C05.